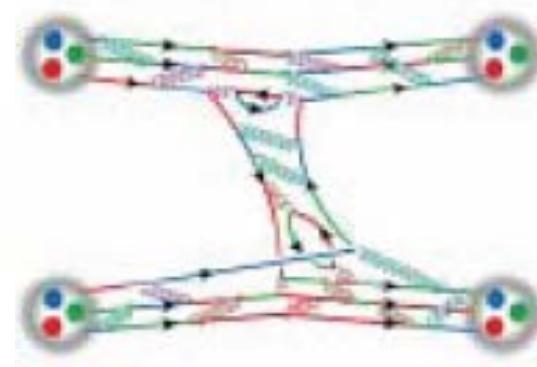


# 格子QCDによる バリオン間相互作用の計算

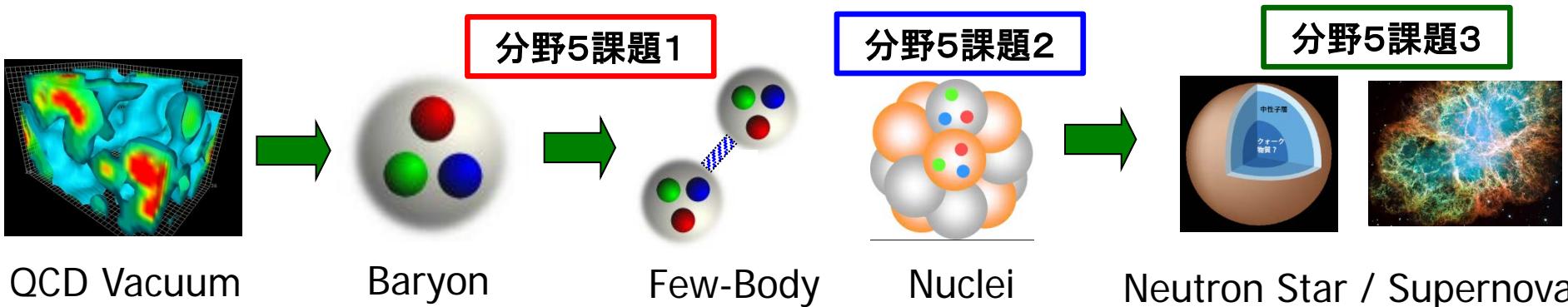
土井 琢身  
(理研・仁科センター)

- Introduction
- Recent achievements
- The “First Light” at the physical point
- Prospects

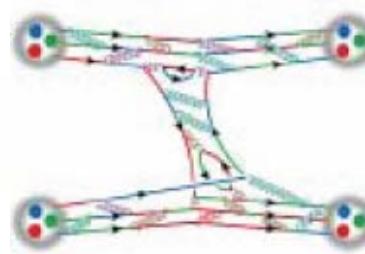
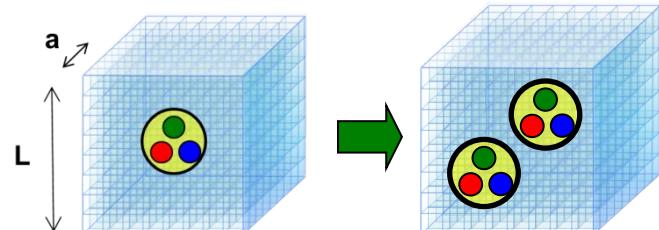
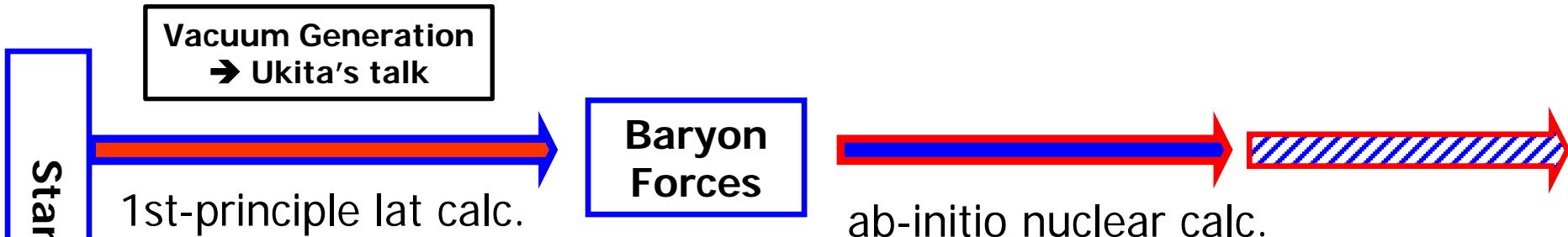


# Motivation:

## Nuclear Physics and Astrophysics from Lat QCD



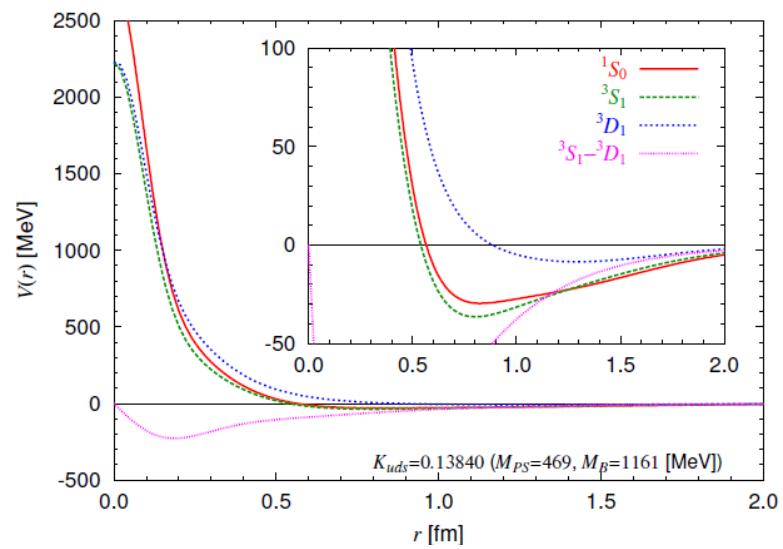
QCD Vacuum      Baryon      Few-Body      Nuclei      Neutron Star / Supernova



*Lattice QCD predictions  
play a crucial role*

# From LQCD to Nuclei / Neutron Star

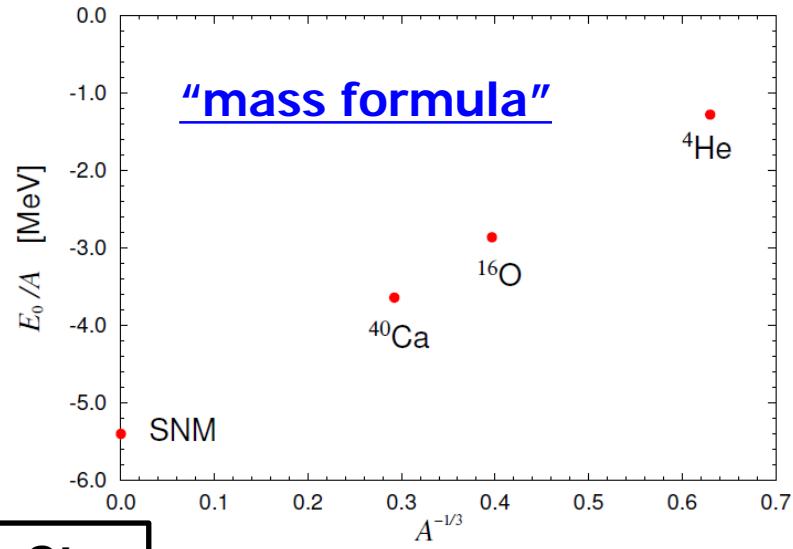
## Lat NN forces



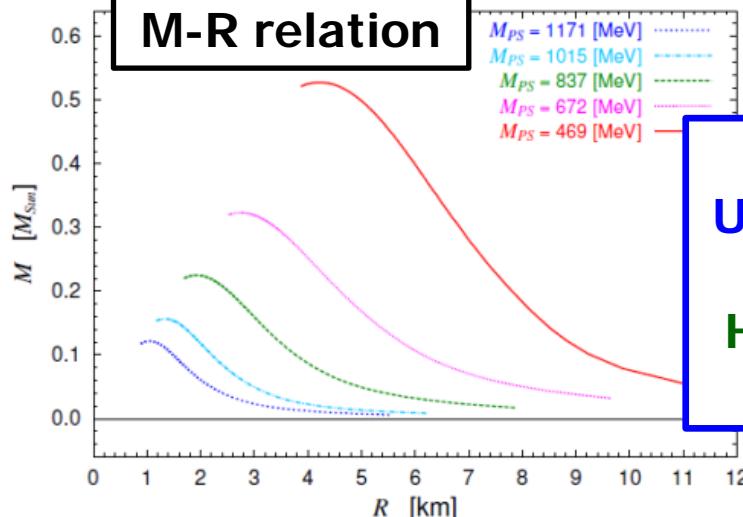
(SU(3),  $m(PS) = 0.47$ GeV)

BHF  
→

## B.E. of medium-heavy nuclei



## Neutron Star M-R relation



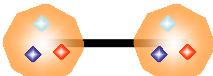
[LQCD]  
Unphysical mass  
[Missing]  
Hyperon Forces  
(& 3NF/3BF)

T.Inoue et al. (HAL Coll.) PRL111(2013)112503

T.Inoue et al. (HAL Coll.), PRC91(2015)011001

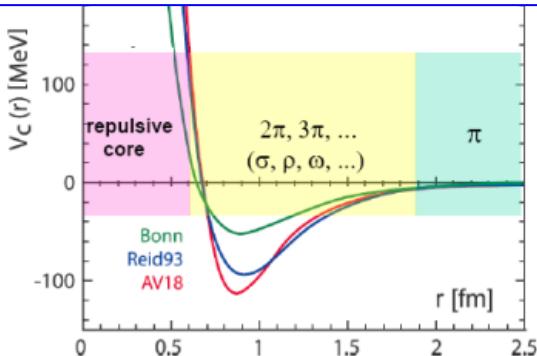
BHF & TOV  
→

# LQCD prediction for Hyperon Forces highly awaited



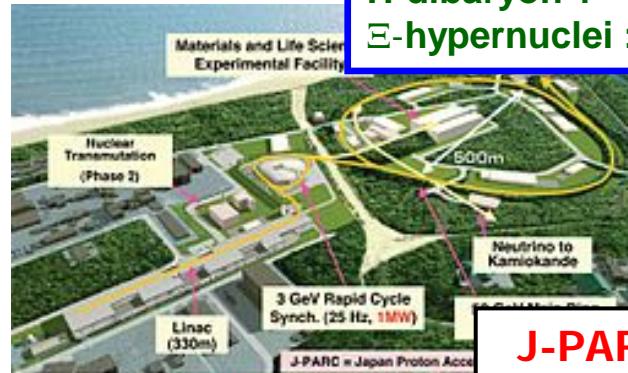
Nuclear Forces

→ Foundation of Nuclear Physics



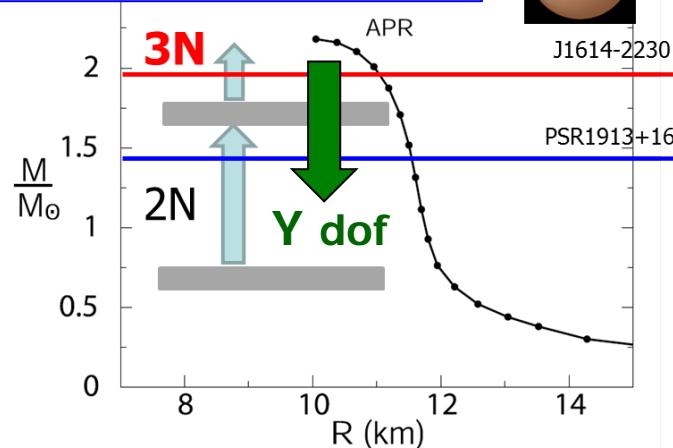
Hyperon Forces

→ Universal Picture for Baryon Forces

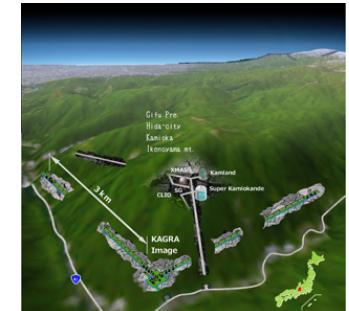


J-PARC (coming back !)

EoS of Dense Matter  
→ Neutron Star



ASTRO-H  
(FY2015-)



KAGRA  
(2018-)

# Recent “Exponential” Improvements

- Time-dependent HAL method

N.Ishii et al. (HAL QCD Coll.) PLB712(2012)437

- Traditional Lat calc → Ground State saturation is necessary
  - S/N gets worse for larger mass number  $A$  & light quark mass &  $t \rightarrow \infty$

$$S/N \sim \exp[-A \times (m_N - 3/2m_\pi) \times t]$$

$$S/N \sim 10^{-42} ?$$

- → Extract the signal from excited states w/o G.S. saturation

- Unified Contraction Algorithm (UCA)

TD, M.Endres, CPC184(2013)117

- Enormous comput. cost by

- Wick contraction (permutations)  $\sim [(\frac{3}{2}A)!]^2$

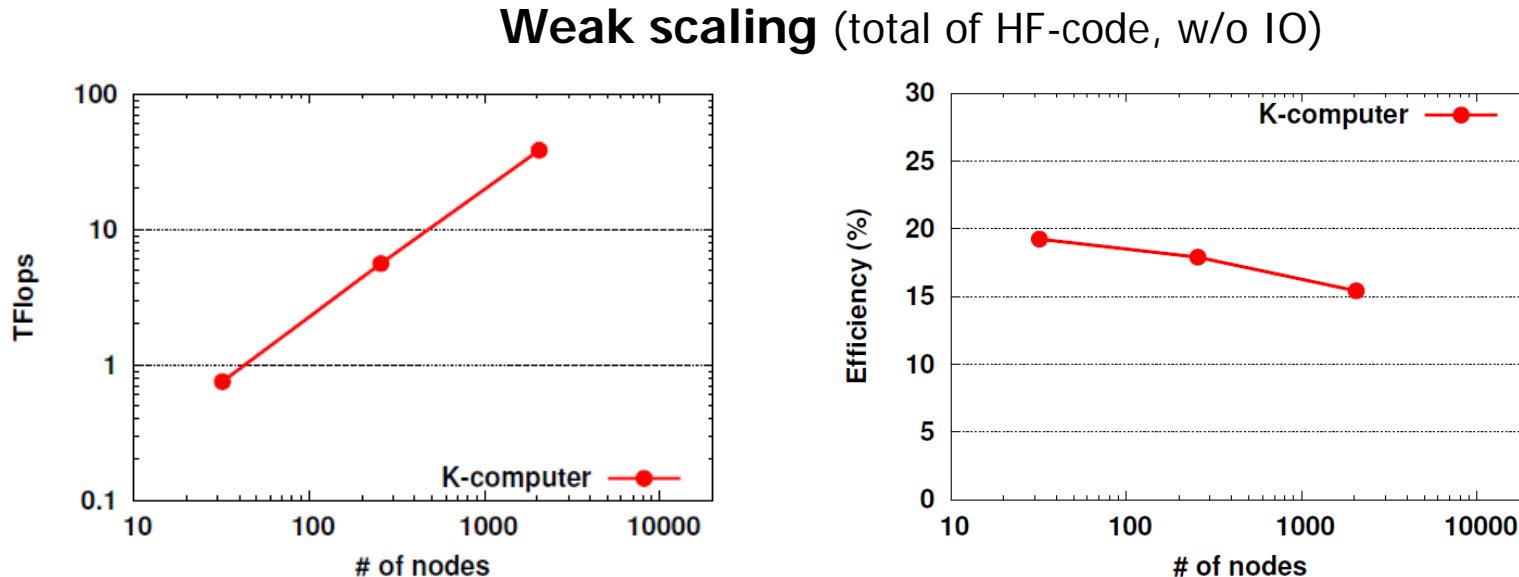
- color/spinor contractions  $\sim 6^A \cdot 4^A$  or  $6^A \cdot 2^A$

- → A novel method which unifies two contractions → drastic speedup

$\times 192$  for  ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$ ,  $\times 20736$  for  ${}^4\text{He}$ ,  $\times 10^{11}$  for  ${}^8\text{Be}$

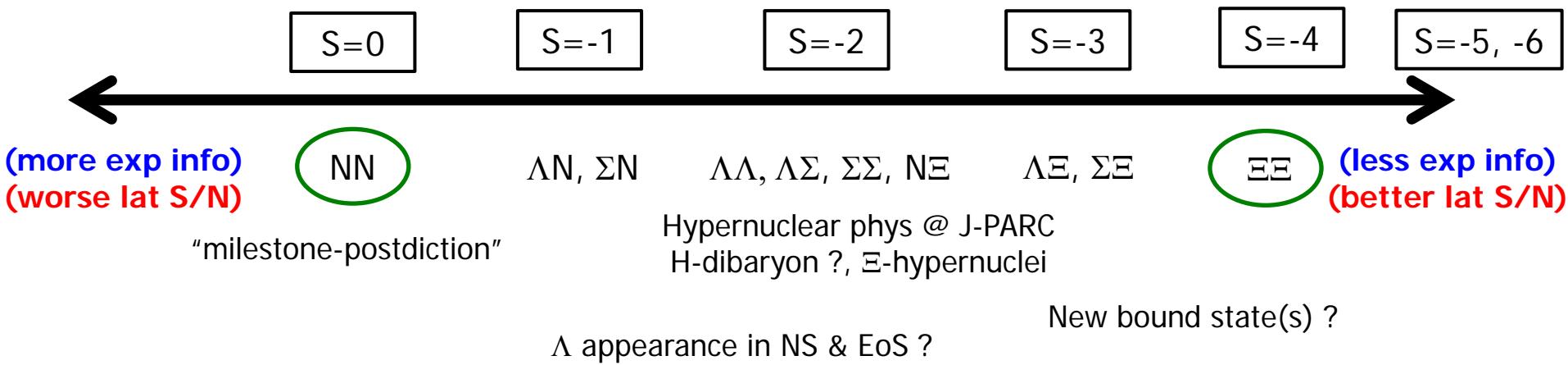
# Simulation Code

- **Major upgrade of Hadron-Force code (HF-code) in FY2013**
  - All 2-baryon-forces (octet-octet) in  $P=(+)$  channel calculated
    - Coupled channel, ~50 baryon-pairs in total, FFT calc included
  - Unified Contraction Algorithm, Better MPI/OMP, Cache tuning, FFT tuning, ...  
→ O(10-100) speedup
- **Performance: K @ 2048 node : ~15%**
  - Solver (Ishikawa): ~25%
  - HF-code (w/o IO): ~15% (hot spot: 25-35%)



# Strategy at phys point w/ K-computer

- Baryon-baryon interactions at (almost) physical point
  - Notoriously noisy on the lattice
  - Focus on **the most important forces**: **central/tensor forces in  $P=+$**  for all NN/YN/YY
    - Forces in  $P=-$  channel, LS/ALS, 3-body-forces → future works

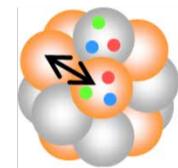
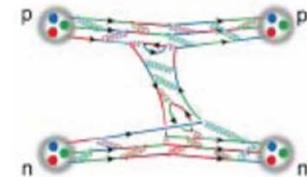
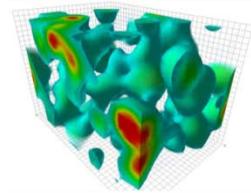


- $\Xi\Xi$  interaction

- $^1S_0$   $\sim$  27-plet :  $NN(^1S_0) + SU(3)$  breaking
  - Bound or Unbound ?
  - Phen. Pot (Nijmegen), EFT (Haidenbauer et al.), etc.
  - HIC experiment ?
- $^3S_1$ - $^3D_1$   $\sim$  10-plet : Unique w/ hyperon DoF
  - $\Sigma^-$  in neutron star : to be or not to be

Preliminary

## Summary



- Baryon Interactions by 1st principle Lat calc
  - Bridging different worlds:  
Particle Physics / Nuclear Physics / Astrophysics
- Intriguing physics even at heavy quark masses
- The “First Light” results at the (almost) physical point
  - Promising in particular for hyperon forces
- On the K computer (& others)
  - “Massive calc” w/ “physically massive” quarks in FY2015